



## Exam Problem Sheet

The exam consists of 4 problems. You may answer in Dutch or in English. You have 90 minutes to answer the questions. Give brief but precise answers. You can achieve 50 points in total which includes a bonus of 5 points.

## 1. [3+5+2 Points.]

Consider the one-dimensional growth model

$$x' = ax - h \sin t,$$

where  $a$  and  $h$  are positive real constants.

- Determine the general solution and show that the system has exactly one periodic solution.
- Determine the Poincaré map of the system and show that it has exactly one fixed point which is always a source.
- Use the results in part (b) to sketch the solution curves of the original time continuous system in the  $(t, x)$ -plane.

## 2. [3+3+4+2 Points.]

Let  $V : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a  $C^\infty$  function. Then the system

$$X' = -\nabla V(X) \tag{1}$$

is called a *gradient system* (here  $\nabla V(X) = (\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} V(X), \dots, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} V(X))$  with  $X = (x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ). It is clear that the equilibrium points of a gradient system are given by the critical points of  $V$ .

- Show that if  $X$  is not an equilibrium point, then  $V$  is strictly decreasing along the solution curve through  $X$ .
- State the definition of asymptotic stability for the equilibrium point of a time continuous system.
- Show that if  $X^*$  is an isolated minimum of  $V$  then  $X^*$  is asymptotically stable. What can you say about the basin of attraction of  $X^*$  in this case?
- What are the conditions on  $V$  at an equilibrium point  $X^*$  to conclude stability from the linearization of the gradient system at  $X^*$ ?

— please turn over —

3. [2+4+5 Points.]

Consider the planar system

$$X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} X.$$

- (a) Determine the canonical form of the system.
- (b) Determine the phase portraits of the original system and its canonical form.
- (c) Determine a conjugacy relating the flows of the system to its canonical form.

4. [3+9 Points.]

- (a) State the definition of chaos for a discrete time system.
- (b) Argue that the doubling map

$$d : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1], \quad x \mapsto 2x \bmod 1$$

is chaotic.